DUI LAW: 75 Pa. C. S. A. §3802: Driving Under the Influence of Alcohol or Controlled Substance LEVELS OF IMPAIRMENT Second Offense In 10 Years Third/Subsequent Offenses In 10 Years Fourth/Subsequent Offenses In 10 Years First Offense In 10 Years Ungraded Misdemeanor Ungraded Misdemeanor Third-Degree Felony §3802 (a) General Impairment Second-Degree Misdemeanor Fine: \$500.00 to \$5.000.00 Fine: \$300.00 Fine: \$300.00 to \$2,500.00 Fine: \$500.00 to \$5.000.00 (1) Incapable of Safe Driving 6 Months Minimim Mandatory Probation 5 Days - 6 Months Imprisonment 10 Days - 2 Years Imprisonment Fine 10 Days - 7 Years Imprison (2) Blood Alcohol Content (BAC) 18 Month License Suspension No Mandatory Imprisonment 12 Month License Suspension 12 Month License Suspension .08% to .099% within 2 hours No License Suspension Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock No BAC available Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 6 Months Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 6 Months Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months No Implied Consent Violation Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment, if appropriate No Crash: No injury/death or CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment property damage Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing §3802 (b) High Rate of Alcohol **Ungraded Misdemeanor** Ungraded Misdemeanor First-Degree Misdemeanor Third-Degree Felony Fine: \$500.00 to \$5,000.00 Fine: \$750.00 to \$5,000.00 Fine: \$1,500.00 to \$10,000.00 Fine: \$1,500.00 to \$10,000.00 BAC .08% to .099% with crash resulting in 30 Days - 6 Months Imprisonment 48 Consecutive Hours - 6 Months Imprisonmen 90 Days - 5 Years Imprisonment 1-Year - 7 Years Imprisonment injury/death or property damage 12 Month License Suspension 12 Month License Suspension 18 Month License Suspension 18 Month License Suspension Incapable of Safe Driving Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Minors: BAC .02% or greater within 2 hours Ignition Interlock: Eligible Immediately Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 6 Months Commercial drivers: BAC .04% or greater within 2 hours Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment, if appropriate CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment School Bus or School Vehicle Drivers: Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing BAC .02% or greater within 2 hours Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing Ungraded Misdemeano First-Degree Misdemeanor Fine: \$1,500.00 to \$10,000.00 Third-Degree Felony §3802 (c) Highest Rate of Alcohol/ Third-Degree Felony Fine: \$1,000.00 to \$5,000.00 §3802 (d) Controlled Substance Fine: \$2,500.00 to \$15,000.00 Fine: \$2,500.00 to \$15,000.00 90 Days – 5 Years Imprisonme 18 Month License Suspension 72 Consecutive Hours - 6 Months Impriso 1-Year - 7 Years Imprisonment 1-Year - 7 Years Imprisonment BAC .16% or higher within 2 hours 12 Month License Suspension 18 Month License Suspension 18 Month License Suspension Incapable of Safe Driving Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Mandatory 1-Year Ignition Interlock Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months Ignition Interlock: Eligible Immediately Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months Violation of §3802: Refused chemical test Ignition Interlock: Eligible in 9 Months Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School Attend Alcohol Highway Safety School of breath or blood to determine BAC or CRN Evaluation & D&A assessment presence of controlled substance. Compliance with D&A treatment as part of sentencing First-Degree Misdemeanor 1Fine: Minimum \$1,000.00 8 Month License Suspension First-Degree Misdemeano §3803 (b) (5) Violation Committed with Minor Occupant in Vehicle (under 18) Additional Penalty Imposed Third-Degree Felony Third-Degree Felony Fine: Minimum \$2,500.00
18 Month License Suspension 18 Month License Suspension 8 Month License Suspension 6 Months - 2 Years Imprisonment 6 Months - 2 Years Imprisonment Month - 6 Months Imprisonment

3802(a)(1) violations have an enhanced penalty when there is an implied consent violation.

100 Hours of Community Service All penalties include up to 150 hours of community service and a Court Reporting Network (CRN) drug and alcohol (D&A) evaluation.

- When a full assessment is completed and the assessment indicates a need for counseling or treatment, the Court is required to order treatment as indicated by
 the assessment. When the Court orders treatment or counseling, the Court is required to order the statutory maximum as the top end of the Offender's sentence
- §3735 Homicide by Vehicle While Driving Under the Influence: A person who unintentionally causes the death of another as the result of a violation of §3802 and who is convicted commits:

 1st offense: Second-Degree Felony; Minimum Imprisonment of 3 Years; Consecutive three-year imprisonment for each death.

 2nd offense: First-Degree Felony; Minimum Imprisonment of 5 Years; Consecutive five-year imprisonment for each death.
- \$3735.1 Aggravated Assault by Vehicle While Driving Under the Influence: A person who negligently causes the serious bodily injury to another person as the result of a violation of \$3802 and who is convicted commits a second-degree felony in addition to any other penalty provided by law, may be sentenced to an additional confinement not to exceed two years.

Passenger Protection Law: 75 Pa. C. S. A. §458

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Section	Offense	Fine		
4581 (a)(1)(i)	All drivers operating a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck, classic motor vehicle, antique motor vehicle or motor home are responsible to secure children from birth to age 4 in an approved child passenger restraint system.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$75.00 plus court costs, Surcharge, EMS, JCP, or proof of car seat purchase.		
4581 (a)(1)(ii)	All drivers operating a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck, classic motor vehicle, antique motor vehicle or motor home are responsible to secure children younger than age 2 in a rear-facing child restraint system, to be used until the child outgrows the maximum weight and height limits designated by the car seat manufacturer.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$75.00 plus court costs, Surcharge, EMS, JCP, or proof of car seat purchase.		
4581 (a)(1)(iii)	This section applies to vehicles where a seating position is available which is equipped with a seat belt or other means to secure child restraint systems or originally equipped with seat belts.			
4581 (a)(1.1)	All drivers operating a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck, classic motor vehicle, antique motor vehicle or motor home are responsible to secure children from 4 years of age up to 8 years of age in a seat belt system and an appropriately fitting child booster seat.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$75.00 plus Surcharge, EMS, JCP, or proof of car seat purchase.		
	 Exemptions 67 Pa. Code Chapter 102: All children who are 4 years of age but younger than 8 years of age: and weigh less than 40 pounds, may remain securely fastened in a car seat with a harness appropriate for the child's height and weight in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer, instead of being securely fastened in a booster; who weigh more than 80 pounds or who are 4 feet 9 inches or taller, may be fastened in the seat belt system without using a booster seat; riding in a passenger position in the vehicle which was not originally equipped with a shoulder belt shall be fastened in the seat belt system without the use of a child booster seat or may be fastened in a car seat with a harness appropriate for their height and weight in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer; may satisfy the requirements of the child passenger safety law when secured in an integrated child restraint system or booster seat in accordance with the child restraint system or vehicle seat designed to accommodate children under 80 pounds, which is integrated into the design of the vehicle by the vehicle manufacturer. 	67 Pa. Code Chapter 102: Exemption from use of a child passenger restraint system for medical reasons may be obtained upon written certification by a physician that use of a child passenger restraint system is impractical. The certification must be made on a Department of Transportation form requiring: physician's name and practice address; date the form was completed; name, age, and weight of the child; medical or physical reasons that the use of a particular child restraint system or systems is impractical. Information will also include: recommendation of the type of passenger restraint system the child should be secured or that no child restraint system is known; length of time the exemption is in place or a statement of the conditions under which the exemption should be lifted; and other information deemed relevant by the physician. The completed form must be in the vehicle with the child whenever the child is transported.		
4581 (a)(2)(i)(A)	The driver of a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck or motor home who is under 18 years of age shall be restrained in a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS, JCP - no court costs assessed.		
4581 (a)(2)(i)(B)	Drivers operating a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck or motor home are responsible to secure children from 8 years of age up to 18 years of age in a seat belt system anywhere in the vehicle.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS, JCP - no court costs assessed.		
4581 (a)(2)(ii)	The driver and front seat passengers of a passenger car, Class I truck, Class II truck, or motor home must wear a properly adjusted seat belt.	Secondary Enforcement Fine: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS, JCP when convicted of a primary offense.		
		the first and last delivery points; or ving at speeds less than 15 mph and making frequent stops.		
4581 (a)(3)	A driver who is under 18 years of age may not operate a motor vehicle in which the number of passengers exceeds the number of available seat belts in the vehicle.	Primary Enforcement Fine: \$10.00 plus Surcharae, EMS, JCP - no court costs assessed.		

DISCLAIMER: This TIPP Fine Card is printed as a public service. The PA Traffic Injury Prevention Project, the PA Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics and PennDOT make no representation as to the accuracy, completeness or utility, and assume no liability for any general or specific use of or reliance on the information provided herein.

25 mph zone	35mph zone	40 mph zone	45 mph zone	55 mph zone	65 mph zone	70 mph zone
35 \$45 36 \$47 37 \$49 38 \$51 39 \$53 40 \$55	45 \$45 46 \$47 47 \$49 48 \$51 49 \$53 50 \$55	50 \$45 51 \$47 52 \$49 53 \$51 54 \$53 55 \$55	55 \$45 56 \$47 57 \$49 58 \$51 59 \$53 60 \$55	65 \$45 66 \$47 67 \$49 68 \$51 69 \$53 70 \$55	71 \$44.50 72 \$46.50 73 \$48.50 74 \$50.50 75 \$52.50 76 \$54.50	76 \$44.50 77 \$46.50 78 \$48.50 79 \$50.50 80 \$52.50 81 \$54.50 82 \$56.50
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PaVC - 98\$98.50 103.					103 \$98.50 104. \$100.50 105. \$102.50	

LIMITS

SUBSECTION (a)(1.1)

65 or 70 mph on freeways (limited access highways to which the only means of ingress and egress is by interchange ramps) where posted.

SUBSECTION (a)(1.2)(i) & (ii) 25 mph in a residence district, if the highway is not a numbered traffic

the department as a local highway.

SUBSECTION (a)(2) 55 mph in any other location route and is functionally classified by

SUBSECTION (a)(3) Any other maximum splimit established.

EMS \$10.00 **COURT COSTS** (adjusted annually) **JCP** \$10.00

PaVC - Sec. 6506 Surcharge ALL Sec. except parking \$45.00 Sec. 4902 Chpt. 49, Sub Chpt. C & E \$225.00 Chpt. 47 \$45.00 **2nd** ▶ 1543 (b)(1.1) \$150.00 **3rd** ▶ 1543 (b)(1.1) \$300.00 ► Sec. 3802 \$150.00 ► Sec. 3808 (a)(2) \$150.00 3rd ▶ 1543 (b)(1.1) \$300.00 ► Sec. 3802 \$300.00 ► Sec. 3808 (a)(2) \$300.00 O 4th ▶ 1543 (b)(1.1) \$450.00 ▶ Sec. 3802 \$450.00 ► Sec. 3808 (a)(2) \$450.00 Sec. 3306 (a)(1) \$60.00 Sec. 3362 (6-15 mph over) \$45.00 Sec. 3345 (a) Sec. 3362 (16-25 mph over) \$60.00 \$75.00 Sec. 3745 \$60.00 Sec. 3362 (26+ mph over) \$75.00

Motorcycle, motor-driven cycle, pedalcycle, motorized pedalcycle or recreational vehicle not intended for highway use are exempt from surcharge.

PaVC Sec. 3326 Duty of Driver in Construction and Maintenance areas.

- Active work zones must be designated at the start with a white strobe flashing light or other unique illuminating device attached to the "Active Work Zone When Flashing" sign.
- All motorists are required to travel with their headlights on in posted work zones. (Secondary) (Summary offense, fine: \$25.)
- Motorists driving in an active work zone may be cited for exceeding the speed limit by one mile – speed tolerances are eliminated.
- Motorists convicted of driving 11 miles per hour or more above the posted speed limit, or who are involved in a crash in an active work zone and are cited and convicted for failing to drive at a safe speed will automatically lose their license for 15 days.
- Drivers will be given up to an additional 5 years jail term if convicted
- of homicide by vehicle in an active work zone. Drivers will be given up to an additional 2 years jail term if convicted of aggravated assault by vehicle in an active work zone.

FINES DOUBLE for violation of any of the following sections if violated in an active work zone manned by workers acting in their official capacity:

3102	3114	3304	3307	3323	3362	3736
3111	3302	3305	3309	3326	3702	3802
3112	3303	3306	3310	3361	371/	

PENNSYLVANIA VEHICLE CODE SAFETY VIOLATIONS

Child Passenger Safety Law

Primary Enforcement

Section 4581 (a)(1)(i) Restraint Systems All drivers are responsible to secure children from birth to age 4 in an approved child passenger

Section 4581 (a)(1)(ii) Restraint Systems All drivers are responsible to secure children younger than age 2 in a rear-tacing car seat, to be used until the child outgrows the maximum weight and height limits designated by the car seat manufacturer. [Effective August 12, 2016; Verbal warnings issued for one-year after this section takes effect.)

FINE: \$75.00 plus court costs, Surcharge, EMS, JCP or proof of car seat purchase.

Section 4581 (a)(1.1)

- All drivers are responsible to secure children from 4 years of age up to 8 years of age in a seat belt system and an appropriately fitting child booster seat.
- Exemptions are allowed under the law. Guidelines have been prepared by the Department of Transportation. See Title 67: Transportation Section 102.

FINE: \$75.00 plus court costs, Surcharge, EMS, JCP or proof of car seat purchase.

Pedalcycle Helmets for Certain Persons

Section 3510 (a)

- A person under 12 years of age shall not operate a pedalcycle or ride as a passenger on a pedalcycle unless the person is wearing an approved pedalcycle helmet. This also applies to a person who rides:
 - 1. upon a pedalcycle while in a restraining seat attached to a pedalcycle; or,
- 2. in a trailer towed by a pedalcycle

FINE: All inclusive fine and costs not to exceed \$25.00. Pedalcycle is defined as a vehicle propelled solely by human powered pedals. Tricycles and "Big Wheels" with a main driving wheel of 20" diameter or under and primarily designed for children 6 years and younger are not subject to the helmet law.

Safety Belt Use Law

Primary Enforcement Section 4581 (a)(2)(i) (A) Restraint Systems

■ Drivers who are under 18 years of age shall be secured in a properly fitted seat belt system

Section 4581 (a)(2)(i) (B) Restraint Systems

■ Drivers are responsible to secure all children from 8 years of age up to 18 years of age in a seat belt system any where in the vehicle.

FINE: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS and JCP -

Secondary Enforcement

Section 4581 (a)(2)(ii) Restraint Systems A driver and front seat passenger, 18 years of age

- or older, shall wear a properly adjusted and fastened seat belt system.
- Exemptions include carriers of medical or psychological excuses signed by a physician, rural letter carriers, deliverers of goods or service vehicle operators driving at speeds less than 15 mph and making frequent stops, drivers and front seat passengers of automobiles manufactured before July 1, 1966.

FINE: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS, and JCP when convicted of a primary offense.

Primary Enforcement
Section 4581 (a)(3) Restraint Systems

A driver who is under 18 may not operate a motor vehicle in which the number of passengers exceeds the number of available seat belts in the vehicle.

FINE: \$10.00 plus Surcharge, EMS and JCP - no court costs assessed.

Passengers in Open Trucks

Section 3719

- An open bed pick-up truck or open flat bed truck may not be driven at any speed if a child less than 18 years of age is occupying the bed of the truck or trailer.
- An open bed pick-up truck or open flat bed truck may not be driven at a speed of more than 35 miles per hour if any person is occupying the bed of the truck. Refer to vehicle code for additional exemptions.

Meeting or Overtaking School Bus

Section 3345 (a)

- The driver of a vehicle meeting o overtaking a school bus shall stop at least 10 feet before reaching the school bus when the red signal lights are flashing and the side signal stop arm is activated.
- The driver shall not proceed until the red lights are no longer flashing and all children have reached a place of safety.
- The driver of a vehicle approaching an intersection where a school bus is stopped with its red signal lights flashing shall stop until the red lights are no longer flashing and all children have reached a place of safety.

FINE: \$250.00 plus 5 points and a 60 day license suspension. (\$35 surcharge) Section 3345 (b)

■ The driver of a vehicle meeting or overtaking any school bus shall proceed past the school bus with caution and shall be prepared to stop when the amber signal lights are flashing.

Section 3345 (g)

The driver of a vehicle upon a highways need or traffic way with separate roadways nee not stop upon meeting or passing a school bus with actuated red signal lights which is on a different roadway.

Right-of-Way of Pedestrians in Crosswalks

Section 3542 (a)

When traffic control signals are not in place or not in operation, the driver of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to a pedestrian in any marked or unmarked crosswalk.

FINE: \$50.00 plus 2 points

Prohibiting Text-Based Communications Law

Primary Enforcement Section 3316 (A)

- No driver shall operate a motor vehicle while using an interactive wireless communication device to send, read or write a text-based communication while the vehicle is in motion
- Interactive Wireless Communications Device includes a wireless phone, personal digital assistant, smart phone, portable or mobile computer or similar device that can be used for texting, instant messaging, emailing or browsing the Internet.
- The term does not include a device being used exclusively as a global positioning or navigation system, a system that is physically or electronically integrated into the vehicle, or a communication device that is affixed to a mass transit vehicle, bus or school bus.
- Text-based communication is defined as a text message, instant message, electronic mail, or other communication composed or received on an interactive communications device.

FINE: \$50.00 plus court costs, MCARE, EMS, and JCP. The law does not authorize seizure or forfeiture of an interactive wireless communication

Special Speed Limitations

Section 3365 (b)

School Zones

■ The driver of a vehicle shall not exceed 15 mph in a designated school zone.

FINE: \$35.00

Booster

An additional \$2 is added for each mile in excess of 5 mph over the maximum speed limit. A driver may be cited and receive a maximum fine of \$500 and 3 points if the speed is in excess of 11 mph over the speed limit. Second and subsequent offenses will result in a 60 day suspension.

Children who have outgrown their

forward-facing car seat with a harness

should use a belt-positioning booster

lap and shoulder belt fit properly.

High-Back Belt-Positioning Booster Seat

No-Back Belt-Positioning Booster Seat

(Use only when the vehicle seating position provides a head restraint)

seat. Children should remain in a belt-

positioning booster seat until the vehicle

Persons Ineligible for Licensing; License Issuance to Minors; Junior Driver's License

Section 1503 (c)

- The department may issue a junior driver's license to a person 16 or 17 years of age. The junior driver's license shall automatically become a regular license when the junior driver attains 18 years of age.
- No licensed junior driver shall drive a vehicle upon a public highway between 11 p.m. and 5 a.m. unless accompanied by a spouse 18 years of age or older, a parent or a person in loco parentis.
- A licensed junior driver may drive a vehicle upon a public highway between 11 p.m. and 5 a.m. between the junior driver's home and activity or employment or if the junior driver is a member of a volunteer fire company authorized by the fire chief to engage in fighting fires, is engaged in public or charitable service or is employed and carrying an affidavit or certificate of authorization signed by the fire chief, supervisor, or employer indicating the probable schedule of activities.
- For the first six months after the issuance of the junior driver's license, a junior driver shall not drive a vehicle with more than one passenger under 18 years of age who is not a member of the driver's immediate family unless accompanied by a legal guardian.
- After the first six months, a junior driver shall not drive a vehicle with more than three passengers under 18 years of age who are not members of the driver's immediate family unless accompanied by a legal guardian. If the junior driver has been partially or fully responsible for a reportable accident or has been convicted of any violation during the first six months, they may not drive with more than one passenger under the age of 18 unless accompanied by a legal guardian.
- In the event that a licensed junior driver is involved in a reportable accident for which the junior driver is partially reportable accident or which the plant driver is partially or fully responsible or is convicted of any violation, the department may suspend the operating privileges of the junior driver until the age of 18 is attained or for a period of time not exceeding 90 days.
- Immediate family includes siblings and step siblings as well as foster or adopted children living in the same household.

Child Passenger Safety Guide for Law Enforcement **Belt-Positioning Booster Seat** Rear-Facing Car Seat

Age & Weight **Guidelines**

Selection:

Direction:

Installation:

Seat Belt or LATCH

Type of Car Seat

Facing

Z

Rear

Birth to age 2. Children should ride in a rear-facing car seat as long as possible, at least to age 2 and until they reach the highest weight or height by the car seat manufacturer.

Note: If a child outgrows, in height or weight, the currently available rear-facing car seat, follow the manufacturer's instructions to appropriately secure these children.

Rear-Facing Only Car Seat Rear-Facing Convertible Car Seat

WEIGHT: Minimum and maximum weights are provided on a car seat label - weight can range

the top of the child's head is within 1-inch

from birth to 50 pounds. **HEIGHT:** The child is too tall for the car seat if

of the top of the car seat.

Rear-Facing

Forward

Facing

on a car seat label – weight can range from 20 pounds to 90 pounds

HEIGHT: The child is too tall for the car seat if the child's ears are above the top of the car seat.

Forward-facing Convertible Car Seat

Forward Facing only/Combination Car Seat with Harness WEIGHT: Minimum and maximum weights are provided

Children who are at least age 2 and have

outgrown their rear-facing car seat, should

use a forward-facing car seat for as long as possible, up to the highest weight or height

allowed by the car seat manufacturer.

Forward-Facing

weight can range from 30 pounds to 125 pounds.

WEIGHT: Minimum and maximum weights are

provided on a booster seat label -

NEVER use a Booster Seat with only a lap belt.

Booster seat is used with a Lap and Shoulder Belt in a back seat of the vehicle.

Move the vehicle seat all the way back if the booster seat is placed in the front seat in front

The shoulder belt should rest snugly across the center of the chest and shoulder

arm or behind the back

The lap belt should be placed low and snug across the hips/upper thighs.

Seat Belt

Children who have outgrown the belt-positioning booster seat at approximately 4 feet 9 inches tall and between 8 - 12 years of age should always wear a properly fitted lap and shoulder belt.

Lap and Shoulder Belt

Lap belts do not provide upper body protection. As a result, head, neck, and spine injuries can occur.

It is recommended that all vehicle occupants use a lap and shoulder belt to provide both lower and upper body protection.

Forward-Facing	Forward-Facing

All children under the age of 13 should ride in a back seat of the vehicle. Location: Harness straps must be at or below shoulder level Harness straps must be at or above shoulder level The shoulder belt should rest snugly across the center of the chest and shoulder. Harnessing: Always used with a Lap and Shoulder Belt. AND

Harness straps fit snugly on the child AND Harness retainer clip is at armpit level

NEVER place a rear-facing car seat in the front seat with an active passenger-side front air bag.

Car seats are installed at no more than a 45

Car seats should be secured with the vehicle seat belt or the lower anchors of the LATCH system routed and locked through the correct belt path.

degree angle following the manufacturer's

The secured car seat allows no more than 1-inch of side-to-side movement when pulled at

AND

Harness straps fit snugly on the child AND Harness retainer clip is at arm pit level.

Move the vehicle seat all the way back if car seat is installed in the front seat with an active passenger-side

Review car seat instructions to determine if the car seat must be upright, or if there is an approved forward-facing reclined position.

Secured the car seat with the vehicle seat belt or lower anchors of the LATCH system routed and locked through the correct belt path. The secured car seat allows no more than 1-inch of side-to-side movement when pulled at the belt path.

Use the tether with the seat belt or the lower anchors,

whenever possible for forward-facing.

of an active passenger-side front air bag.

NEVER place the shoulder belt under the

The lap belt should be placed low and snug across the hips/upper thighs. Seat Belts can be used when the child is:

NEVER place the shoulder belt under the arm or behind the back.

- Able to sit with back and hips against the
- vehicle seat back without slouching; • Able to bend their knees easily over the front edge of the vehicle seat with their
- feet flat on the floor. • Stay correctly seated for the entire ride.

Always use a properly positioned head restraint.

Driving After Imbibing Alcohol or Utilizing Drugs

front air bag.

§3802 (a) (1) General Impairment • An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that renders that individual incapable of safely driving.

§3802 (a) (2)

 An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that the breath or blood alcohol concentration is 0.08% but less than 0.10% within two hours

§3802 (b) High Rate of Alcohol An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that the breath or blood

alcohol concentration is 0.10% but less than 0.16% within two hours of driving. §3802 (c) Highest Rate of Alcohol An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle

after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that the breath or blood alcohol concentration is 0.16% or higher within two hours of driving.

§3802 (e) Minors (under 21)

- §3802 (d) Controlled Substances • An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle if: - there is any amount of a non-prescribed Schedule I, II, III controlled
- substance or its metabolite in the blood. - the individual is under the influence of a drug or drugs which impairs the individual's ability to safely drive.
- the individual is under the combined influence of alcohol and a drug or combination of drugs which impairs the individual's ability to safely - the individual is under the influence of a solvent or noxious substance.
- A minor may not drive, operate or be in control of a vehicle after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that the breath or blood alcohol concentration is 0.02% or higher within two hours of driving.

§3802 (f) Commercial or School Vehicles

- An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a commercial vehicle, school bus or school vehicle if after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that the breath or blood alcohol
- concentration is: 0.04% or greater within two hours of driving a commercial
- vehicle. – 0.02% or greater within two hours of driving a school bus or
- school vehicle An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a commercial vehicle, school bus or school vehicle if after imbibing a sufficient amount of alcohol that renders that individual
- An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a commercial vehicle, school bus or school vehicle while the individual is under the influence of a controlled substance or combination of controlled substances.
- An individual may not drive, operate or be in control of a commercial vehicle, school bus or school vehicle while the individual is under the combined influence of alcohol and a controlled substance or combination of controlled substances.

§3802 (g) Exception to Two-Hour Rule

obtained within 2-hours; and

incapable of safely driving.

 Evidence of alcohol or controlled substance concentration more that two hours after driving, operating, or in control of a vehicle is sufficient under the following circumstances:

• There is good cause that the chemical test sample could not be

• It is established that the person did not imbibe any alcohol or utilize a controlled substance between the time of the arrest and the time the sample was obtained.

Pennsylvania Crimes and Offenses - Title 18

§6307 Misrepresentation of age to secure liquor,

- malt, or brewed beverages A minor is guilty of a summary offense for a first violation and a misdemeanor of the 3rd degree for subsequent violations for falsely representing that he is 21 to procure alcohol, malt, or brewed
- beverages.

• Fine: up to \$500.00 §6308 Purchase, Consumption, Possession, or

- Transportation of Liquor, Malt or Brewed Beverages • A minor commits a summary offense if he attempts to purchase, purchases, consumes, possesses or knowingly transports any liquor, malt, or brewed
- beverage. • First Offense: Up to \$500.00
- Second and Subsequent Offenses: Up to \$1,000.00
- Police Department shall notify the parents or guardian of the minor.

§6310.3 Carrying a False Identification Card

- A minor is guilty of a summary offense for a first violation and a misdemeanor of the 3rd degree for subsequent violations for possessing an identification card falsely identifying that minor as being 21 years of age or older or obtains or attempts to obtain liquor, malt, or brewed
- Fine: Up to \$500.00

(1-800-227-2358)

 Police Department shall notify the parents or guardian of the minor.

INFORMATION: 1-800-CAR-BELT

§3803 Grading – See Chart

§3804 Penalties - See Chart